

# Lecture 14

# Final Project Overview

CS211 – Fundamentals of Computer Programming II  
Branden Ghena – Spring 2023

Slides adapted from:  
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# Administrivia

- EX6 due today
  - Last one, hopefully shouldn't take too long
  - Intentionally picked stuff that's good prep for Homework 5
- Homework 5 due Thursday
  - This is the last homework too!
  - **Definitely the hardest. Be careful here!**
    - View might be more work than you expect
  - Reminder: no slip days on the final project

# Administrivia

- Quiz today! (we'll stop at 3pm to take it)
- Final project starting!
  - Proposals are due Friday
  - More details right now!
- Reminder: project partners
  - You're allowed to work with a partner if you want
  - If you don't know anyone, fill out the form and we'll match you (closes tomorrow)

# Today's Goals

- Explain the what, why, and how of final projects
- Explore GE211 functionality not used in the homeworks
- Demonstrate some additional games you'll get as sample code
- Practice the creation of a GE211 game

# Getting the code for today

- Download code in a zip files from here:  
[https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/project\\_demos.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/project_demos.zip)  
[https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/ge211\\_examples.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/ge211_examples.zip)  
[https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final\\_project.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final_project.zip)
- Extract code wherever
- Open with CLion
  - Make sure you open the folder with the CMakeLists.txt

# Outline

- **Final Project Overview**
- Demo Games
- Additional GE211 Functionality
- Example: "snake game"

# Goals of the Final Project

- Focus on something that interests you
  - Pick anything you like (that's the right difficulty)
  - Chance to apply creativity and make something fun
- Program without safety rails or constraints
  - Starter code is very minimal
  - No specification with required functions to implement
  - You get to design how the code works
  - You can base your design off examples though!

# Timeline

- [https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final\\_project.pdf](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final_project.pdf)
- Friday, May 19 - Proposal
  - This week! (but only requires a one-sentence proposal)
- Tuesday, May 23 - Specifications
  - Next week
- Friday, June 02 - Code due
  - Last Friday of classes
  - Two full weeks to work on it
- Sunday, June 04 - Evaluation guide
  - We'll grade them during exam week, and you can focus on other stuff



# Making proposals

- Something that interests you
  - Games are most common
  - I'll let you know if it's too easy or too complicated
- Good sources of inspiration
  - Classic arcade games
  - 2D mobile games
  - Board games
- Common problematic submissions
  - Pong, Snake game, Space Invaders, Flappy Bird
  - Any of the demo games: Keyracer, Bejewled, Asteroids

# Making specifications

- List of 10-12 functionalities that your project will have
  - This is where difficulty is *really* decided
  - Grade is determined by whether you meet the specifications you create
- This is an iterative process
  - Submit spec items
  - Hear back from shepherd about what's good and bad
  - Make updates and repeat
- Goal:
  - Difficult enough to help you learn
  - Easy enough to complete

# How to get started

1. Start with the model
  - Make the simplest version of the game that can do `_anything_`
2. Then implement a View and Controller so you can play it
  - Again, focus on the simple parts first
3. Then go back to model and add features
4. Finally, go back to View and Controller and add features
  - Sound, Better Graphics, etc.

# Remember that simpler is often better

- If you're making a board game, you could take all of `board.cxx` and `board.hxx` and reuse it in your project
  - But it's complicated and you'll have to adjust some things for your game which will require understanding the code
  - Likely not the simplest path
- Alternative options
  - `std::vector<Posn>` track board locations for each player
  - `std::unordered_map<Posn, Player>` mark player for each location

# Outline

- Final Project Overview
- **Demo Games**
- Additional GE211 Functionality
- Example: "snake game"

# A note on these demos

- All kinds of complicated C++ stuff going on here
  - Some of it is good
  - Some of it is just messy
- Purpose of the demo code is to inspire you about what's possible
- Not recommended to use one of these as a starting point
  - Too much stuff going on that wouldn't be relevant

# Getting demo code

- [https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/project\\_demos.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/project_demos.zip)
- Includes three separate projects
  - Keyracer
  - Bejeweled
  - Asteroids

# Keyracer

- Practice typing words under time pressure
- Loads information from a Resource file containing all English words
  - `load_dictionary()` in `controller.cxx`
  - As you'll see, this dictionary is a bit dubious...
- Timer bar counts down until you've "missed" the letter
  - Also miss if you hit the wrong key
  - Counts down time in `on_frame()`
  - Uses a Transform to scale the timer bar



# Bejeweled

- Align groups of colored circles in a grid to score them
  - Makes the group disappear, scoring points
  - More colored circles fall down from the top
- Uses background music (optionally) and sound effects
  - Sound effects play when scoring or when an invalid move is made
- “Animates” steps when scoring
  - Circles disappear from the screen over several frames
  - Then circles fall down from top over several frames

# Asteroids

- Avoid or shoot asteroids in a spaceship that has momentum
  - Asteroids that are shot break into multiple smaller pieces
  - Ship gains or loses velocity as you hold arrow keys
- Uses image sprites for objects in the game
- Objects rotate in addition to moving
  - `on_frame()` updates position, velocity, rotation, and angular velocity
  - `draw()` applies Transforms to objects
    - Place at position, Rotate to rotation, Scale based on mass
- Tracks key down/up to start and stop actions

# Break + Sharing

- Come up with two possible project ideas that you think would work for CS211
  - You don't have to actually do these!
- Share your ideas with someone nearby

# Outline

- Final Project Overview
- Demo Games
- **Additional GE211 Functionality**
- Example: "snake game"

# GE211 you've already used

- Abstract game class
  - `draw()`, `on_frame()`
- Events
  - Mouse and keys
    - Includes keyboard keys such as shift, ctrl, alt, and arrow keys
- Geometry
  - `Posn`, `Rect`, `Dim`
- Basic sprites
  - Rectangles and Circles of multiple colors

# Additional GE211 Features

- **Resources files**
- Audio
- Advanced Sprites
- Sprite Manipulations
- Timer

# Resources files

- Add a Resources/ directory to the project root
  - next to src/ and test/
- Put files into it that you want your game to access while running
  - Configurations
  - Level layouts
  - Images
  - Audio files

# Accessing Resource files

- `ge211::open_resource_file(std::string const& filename)`
  - <https://tov.github.io/ge211/namespacege211.html#a2dadd7cd96f1642d432e9d63de63f00c>
  - Finds the filename specified and opens it for you
    - Don't specify `Resources/`, just the filename
  - Returns an `std::ifstream`
- Access the data within the `std::ifstream` with `>>`
  - Just like `stdin`
- Submitting Resources files:
  - Autograder puts everything that's not `*.cxx` or `*.hxx` into `Resources/`
  - Note: `test*.cxx` and `*test.cxx` go into `test/`



# Additional GE211 Features

- Resources files
- **Audio**
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# Audio in GE211

- One Mixer controls all sounds for the game
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1audio\\_1\\_1\\_mixer.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1audio_1_1_mixer.html)
- Can continuously play one Music\_track (background music)
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1audio\\_1\\_1\\_music\\_track.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1audio_1_1_music_track.html)
  - play, pause, resume, rewind, set\_volume
- Can play short Sound\_effects
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1audio\\_1\\_1\\_sound\\_effect.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1audio_1_1_sound_effect.html)
  - play, pause\_all, resume\_all
  - Can support several sound effects at once
    - Hardware dependent

# Using audio

- How to get access to the mixer
  - Call `mixer()` inside the Controller
  - (Actually inside whatever inherits from `Abstract_game`)
- How to get a `Music_track` or `Sound_effect`
  - Call constructor with a filename string
  - Name of a file in Resources/
    - WAV, MP3, FLAC, MID, ABC, OGG, etc.
- Various sound effects and music can be found online

# Additional GE211 Features

- Resources files
- Audio
- **Advanced Sprites**
  - **Text Sprites**
  - **Image Sprites**
- Sprite Manipulations
- Timer

# Text Sprites

- Creates a sprite out of a string of text
  - Text, Color, and Font are configurable through a Builder
  - Placed on screen in `draw()` just like any other sprite
  - A little bit of work to manipulate though
- Text sprite can be reconfigured as needed
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1sprites\\_1\\_1\\_text\\_sprite.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1sprites_1_1_text_sprite.html)
  - First use a Builder to create the text
    - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1sprites\\_1\\_1\\_text\\_sprite\\_1\\_1\\_builder.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1sprites_1_1_text_sprite_1_1_builder.html)
  - Then call `reconfigure()` with the Builder as the argument

# Text sprite example

- **Keep sprites and fonts as private members of View**

```
unsigned int score;  
ge211::Posn<int> score_position;  
ge211::Font sans18{"sans.ttf", 18};  
ge211::Text_sprite score_sprite;
```

- **In draw(), reconfigure the string as needed**

```
ge211::Text_sprite::Builder current_score(sans18);  
current_score << score;  
score_sprite.reconfigure(current_score);  
set.add_sprite(score_sprite, score_position);
```

# Image Sprite

- `Image_sprite(std::string const& filename)`
  - Creates a sprite out of a given image
  - Uses the image's dimensions in pixels  
Transparency in images works!
- Filename comes from Resources/

# Additional GE211 Features

- Resources files
- Audio
- Advanced Sprites
- **Sprite Manipulations**
- Timer



# Applying Transforms to sprites

- What if your image sprite is larger than you want?
- Or if you want to rotate a sprite
  
- Transforms!
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1geometry\\_1\\_1transform.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1geometry_1_1transform.html)
  - Enable rotation, scaling, and flipping sprites
  
  - Passed in as an alternative final argument to draw()
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1sprite\\_set.html#ad20a59df594c869b26e222da98c6161d](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1sprite_set.html#ad20a59df594c869b26e222da98c6161d)

# Additional GE211 Features

- Resources files
- Audio
- Advanced Sprites
- Sprite Manipulations
- **Timer**

# Timers allow durations to be tracked

- Create a Timer() and start it
  - Later check it and you can see how long it was running
  - Allows you to determine how long some player action took
  - Probably NOT the right choice for most games (see next slide)
- Timer class
  - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1time\\_1\\_1\\_timer.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1time_1_1_timer.html)
  - Returns a Duration
    - [https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211\\_1\\_1time\\_1\\_1\\_duration.html](https://tov.github.io/ge211/classge211_1_1time_1_1_duration.html)
    - Which you can request time from in seconds or milliseconds

# Easier way to track timing

- There's an easier way to track time and perform actions after a certain amount of time has passed
- How would we use `on_frame(double dt)` to do so?
  - `dt` is in units of seconds
    - Usually  $1/60^{\text{th}}$  of a second
  - Keep a local variable that you add `dt` to each time `on_frame()` is called
    - Reset the variable to zero whenever you need to start counting
    - If variable is greater than some amount, trigger action

# GE211 Examples

- Similar idea to the demo projects, but much simpler and cleaner
- Small snippets that only focus on a few ideas
  - Provides good reference code for how to use stuff
- Again, likely not useful as “starter code”, but you can use whatever code you want from these

# GE211 example code

- [https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/ge211\\_examples.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/ge211_examples.zip)
- Includes three separate projects
  - sound
  - random\_text
  - animation

# Example: sound

- Plays a sound when the up arrow key is pressed
  - Also plays background music continuously
- Concepts
  - Resources/ audio files
  - Background music
  - Sound effects

# Example: random\_text

- Displays random words on screen in random colors at a random location
- Concepts
  - Resources/ text files
  - Text sprites
  - Transforms
  - Randomness



# Example: animation

- Animates a character moving to wherever the mouse clicks
  - Keeps track of multiple mouse click locations
  - Spacebar pauses the game
- Concepts
  - Game states (init, running, paused)
  - Resources/ image files
  - Animation
  - Motion planning

# Break + Request

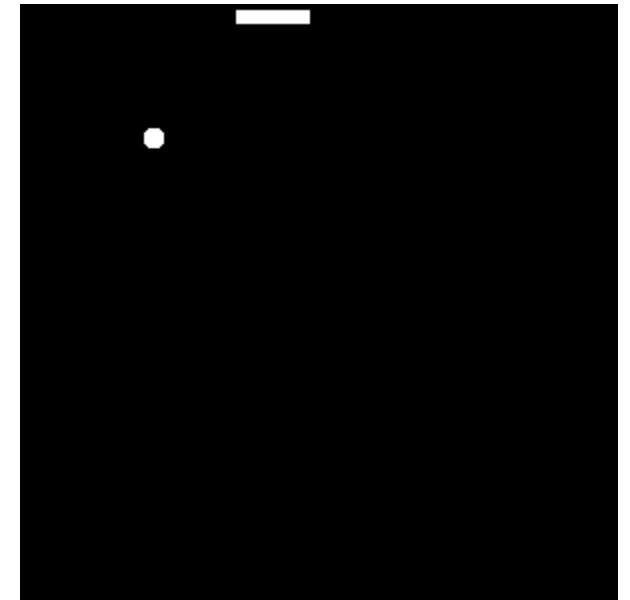
- Think of other things you might want to do with your project
  - But aren't sure how to accomplish with GE211
- Share ideas with neighbors and talk about it
- If you come up with anything useful, share on Piazza!
  - I'm happy to give guidance and I could make more examples

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- **Example: “snake game”**

# Multi-lecture project example

- Starting from [https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final\\_project.zip](https://nu-cs211.github.io/cs211-files/hw/final_project.zip)
- We'll add features as we go
  - Probably not going to finish today
  - Plan to hop back into it in future lectures though
- Idea: Snake Game
  - Too simple for a final project
  - Simple enough to do in class?



# Plan for game

- `List<Posn<int>>` for each “segment” of the snake
  - Consider the playing field as a 2D grid of locations
  - `Posn<int>` is one location on the grid
- Snake should “move” in current direction
  - Segment at end disappears
  - Segment at front gets added
  - Check for collisions
  - Occurs every N seconds?
- Draw each segment in the list to see the snake
- Key presses change direction of snake

# Simplest initial design

- One segment only in the list
- Implement
  - Constructors
  - Model::on\_frame() (most basic version)
  - View::draw()
  - Controller::on\_key()

# Start adding features

- Check for collisions
  - With body of snake
  - With edge of screen
- Resize draw based on screen dimensions and grid dimensions
- Goal object that increases snake length
- Obstacles to avoid

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